

des travaux dangereux interdits aux enfants et jeunes gens, (June 6, 2003), article 17, annex; available from <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/natlex/docs/SERIAL/64611/64953/F1229124862/SEN64611.pdf>.

³³³⁴ Government of Senegal, *Arrêté ministériel n° 3748 MFPTEOP-DTSS*, articles 3 and 5.

³³³⁵ Government of Senegal, *Arrêté ministériel n° 3749 MFPTEOP-DTSS en date du 6 juin 2003, fixant et interdisant les pires formes du travail des enfants*, (June 6, 2003), article 3; available from <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/natlex/docs/SERIAL/64610/64951/F2020269921/SEN64610.pdf>.

³³³⁶ *Ibid.*, article 2. See also Government of Senegal, *Code penal 1965*, Loi No. 65-60, (July 21, 1965); available from <http://www.justice.gouv.sn/droitp/CODE%20PENAL.PDF>.

³³³⁷ Government of Senegal, *Code penal 1965*, article 320.

³³³⁸ *Ibid.*

³³³⁹ Coalition to Stop the Use of Child Soldiers, "Senegal," in *Child Soldiers Global Report 2008*, London, 2008; available from http://www.childsoldiersglobalreport.org/files/country_pdfs/FINAL_2008_Global_Report.pdf.

³³⁴⁰ U.S. Embassy- Dakar, *reporting, February 23, 2009*.

³³⁴¹ U.S. Embassy- Dakar, *reporting, February 19, 2009*, para 24B.

³³⁴² Catholic Relief Services official, E-mail communication to USDOL official, October 2, 2006.

³³⁴³ ECOWAS and ECCAS, *Multilateral Cooperation Agreement to Combat Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, in West and Central Africa*, Abuja,

July 7, 2006, 5-13; available from http://www.ceeac-eccas.org/img/pdf/Multilateral_Agreement_Trafficking-1184251953.doc.

³³⁴⁴ U.S. Department of State, "Country Reports- 2008: Senegal," section 6d. See also U.S. Embassy- Dakar, *reporting, February 23, 2009*, para 10.

³³⁴⁵ U.S. Embassy- Dakar official, E-mail communication to USDOL official, March 30, 2009. See also U.S. Embassy- Dakar, *reporting, February 19, 2009*, para 24B.

³³⁴⁶ U.S. Embassy- Dakar, *reporting, February 19, 2009*, paras 27A and 27F.

³³⁴⁷ U.S. Department of State, "Country Reports- 2008: Senegal." See also U.S. Embassy- Dakar, *reporting, February 19, 2009*, para 26A.

³³⁴⁸ ILO-IPEC official, E-mail communication to USDOL official, December, 2008. See also U.S. Embassy- Dakar official, E-mail communication, March 30, 2009. See also Severine Cirlande, *Nouveau départ pour des enfants victimes de traite à Dakar*, July 25, 2008; available from <http://www.iom.int/jahia/Jahia/featureArticleAF/cache/offonce/lang/fr?entryId=17898>. See also IOM, *Senegal*, [online] March 2009 [cited January 26, 2009]; available from <http://www.iom.int/jahia/Jahia/activities/pid/400>.

³³⁴⁹ ILO-IPEC Geneva official, E-mail communication to USDOL official, December 18, 2008. See also ILO-IPEC Geneva official, E-mail communication to USDOL official, April 16, 2009.

The Republic of Serbia

Incidence and Nature of Child Labor

Children in rural areas of the Republic of Serbia work in family businesses. In urban areas, children work in the informal sector as street vendors and car washers.³³⁵⁰ Children from impoverished, rural communities, Roma children, and children in foster care have a high risk of entering exploitive child labor, including begging, prostitution, selling drugs, and physical labor.³³⁵¹ Children are trafficked for sexual exploitation, forced labor, and street begging.³³⁵²

Child Labor Laws and Enforcement

The minimum age for employment is 15 years. Children less than 18 years can only be employed if they have written permission from a parent or guardian and a health certificate.³³⁵³ Children less than 18 years are prohibited from work that involves strenuous physical activity; work underground, underwater, or at dangerous heights; or exposure to toxic or carcinogenic substances, extreme temperatures, noise, or vibrations.³³⁵⁴ Further, children under 18 years

are not allowed to work over 35 hours per week or 8 hours a day.³³⁵⁵ Children under 18 years of age can work at night only under strictly specified circumstances.³³⁵⁶ Violations of child labor laws are punishable by fines.³³⁵⁷

Forced labor, human trafficking, and slavery are prohibited.³³⁶² Parents or guardians who force a minor to engage in excessive labor or labor incompatible with his/her age are punished by a prison term of 3 months to 5 years.³³⁶³ A government department within the Ministry of Labor and Social Issues addresses the social problems in the Roma community that lead to forced labor.³³⁶⁴

Coercive trafficking of minors with the intent to exploit labor, prostitute, force service in armed conflicts, and involve them in pornography is punishable by 3 to 12 years' imprisonment. If the minor is seriously injured, the sentence is increased to a maximum of 15 year prison term; if the minor is killed, the punishment is a minimum of 10 years in prison.³³⁶⁵ A prison term of 5 to 15 years is prescribed for the sale, handling, and/or purchase of slaves determined to be minors.³³⁶⁶ The Government has anti-trafficking units in the organized crime police force, border police, and a designated anti-trafficking focal point officer in police stations in municipalities throughout the country.³³⁶⁷ The Ministry of Interior's website includes information on anti-trafficking efforts, and the Ministry's hotline collects tips for law enforcement purposes related to trafficking in persons.³³⁶⁸ In 2008, the Government sold a mandatory supplemental postage stamp, revenues from which are used for anti-trafficking activities.³³⁶⁹

The minimum age for voluntary recruitment into military service is 18 years. Military conscription occurs in the year the individual turns 18 years old.³³⁷⁰

Current Government Policies and Programs to Eliminate the Worst Forms of Child Labor

After a year of being vacant, the position of Anti-Trafficking Coordinator was filled.³³⁷¹

The Government of Serbia continues to raise public awareness of trafficking through education prevention programs and statements by government officials.³³⁷²

*Selected Statistics and Indicators on Child Labor*³³⁵⁸

Population, children, 5-14 years (%), 2005:	895,616
Working children, 5-14 years (%), 2005:	6.0
Working boys, 5-14 years (%), 2005:	6.4
Working girls, 5-14 years (%), 2005:	5.7
Working children by sector, 5-14 years (%):	
- Agriculture	-
- Manufacturing	-
- Services	-
- Other	-
Minimum age for work:	15
Compulsory education age:	15
Free public education:	Yes
Gross primary enrollment rate (%), 2007:	96.9
Net primary enrollment rate (%), 2007:	95.1
School attendance, children 5-14 years (%), 2006:	92.5
Survival rate to grade 5 (%):	-
ILO Convention 138:	11/24/2000
ILO Convention 182:	7/10/2003
CRC:	3/12/2001*
CRCOPAC:	1/31/2003
CRCOPSC:	10/10/2002
Palermo:	9/6/2001
ILO-IPEC participating country:	No

*Succession

The law provides various penalties for involvement in child prostitution. The crime of inducing a minor into prostitution is punishable by a prison term of 1 to 10 years; the punishment for pimping a minor is up to 5 years' imprisonment.³³⁵⁹ The production of pornographic materials portraying a child is punishable by 6 months' to 5 years' imprisonment, while the distribution of child pornography is punishable by imprisonment for up to 2 years.³³⁶⁰ CEACR noted that child pornography laws do not protect children 14 to 18 years.³³⁶¹

³³⁵⁰ U.S. Department of State, "Serbia," in *Country Reports on Human Rights Practices- 2008*, Washington, DC, February 25, 2009, section 6c; available from <http://www.state.gov/g/drl/rls/hrrpt/2008/eur/119103.htm>.

³³⁵¹ *Ibid.*, section 5.

³³⁵² U.S. Department of State, "Serbia (Tier 2)," in *Trafficking in Persons Report- 2008*, Washington, DC, June 12, 2008, 221; available from <http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/105501.pdf>.

³³⁵³ Government of Serbia, *The Labor Law*, (March 15, 2005), articles 24 and 25; available from <http://www.vip.org.yu/Files/LaborLaw.pdf>.

³³⁵⁴ *Ibid.*, article 84.

³³⁵⁵ *Ibid.*, articles 87 and 88.

³³⁵⁶ *Ibid.*, article 88.

³³⁵⁷ *Ibid.*, article 274.

³³⁵⁸ For statistical data not cited here, see the Data Sources and Definitions section. For ratifications and ILO-IPEC membership, see the Introduction. For minimum age for admission to work, see Government of Serbia, *Constitution of Serbia*, (September 30, 2006), article 66; available from http://www.mfa.gov.yu/Facts/UstavRS_pdf.pdf. For age to which education is compulsory, see Centre for Education Policy, *Compulsory Education*, [online] June 1, 2008 [cited January 13, 2009]; available from <http://www.cep.edu.rs/eng/?q=node/117>. For free public education, see Government of Serbia, *Constitution of Serbia*, article 71.

³³⁵⁹ Government of the Republic of Serbia, *Criminal Code*, (2005), articles 183 and 184; available from http://www.osce.org/documents/fry/2006/02/18196_en.pdf.

³³⁶⁰ *Ibid.*, article 185.

³³⁶¹ ILO Committee of Experts, *Individual Direct Request, Worst Forms of Child Labour Convention, 1999 (No.182) Serbia (ratification: 2003)*, [online] 2008 [cited January 13, 2009]; available from <http://www.ilo.org/ilolex/cgi-lex/pdconv.pl?host=status01&textbase=iloilc&document=2861&chapter=16&query=Serbia%40ref%2BRequest%40ref%2B%23YEAR%3D2008&highlight=&querytype=bool&context=0>.

³³⁶² Government of Serbia, *Constitution of Serbia*, article 26.

³³⁶³ Government of the Republic of Serbia, *Criminal Code*, article 193.

³³⁶⁴ U.S. Embassy- Belgrade, *reporting*, January 13, 2009, para 5.

³³⁶⁵ Government of the Republic of Serbia, *Criminal Code*, article 388.

³³⁶⁶ *Ibid.*, article 390.

³³⁶⁷ U.S. Department of State, "Country Reports- 2008: Serbia," section 5. See also U.S. Department of State, E-mail communication to USDOL official, July 1, 2009.

³³⁶⁸ U.S. Embassy- Belgrade, *reporting*, February 13, 2009, para 2d.

³³⁶⁹ U.S. Department of State, "Country Reports- 2008: Serbia," section 5. See also U.S. Embassy- Belgrade, *reporting, February 13, 2009*, para 2c.

³³⁷⁰ Coalition to Stop the Use of Child Soldiers, "Serbia," in *Child Soldiers Global Report 2008*, London, 2008, 294; available from http://www.childsoldiersglobalreport.org/files/country_pdfs/FINAL_2008_Global_Report.pdf.

³³⁷¹ U.S. Embassy- Belgrade, *reporting, January 13, 2009*, para 6.

³³⁷² U.S. Department of State, "Trafficking in Persons Report- 2008: Serbia," 223. See also U.S. Department of State, E-mail communication, July 1, 2009.

Seychelles

*Selected Statistics and Indicators on Child Labor*³³⁷³

Gross primary enrollment rate (%), 2007:	125.3
Net primary enrollment rate (%), 2004:	99.4
Survival rate to grade 5 (%), 2002:	98.7

Incidence and Nature of Child Labor

No changes have been recorded since the last reporting period regarding the incidence and nature of child labor in Seychelles.*

Child Labor Laws and Enforcement

No changes have been recorded since the last reporting period regarding child labor laws and enforcement in Seychelles.*

Government Policies and Programs to Eliminate the Worst Forms of Child Labor

No changes have been recorded since the last reporting period regarding government policies